The usual dose is 20 mg once a day for 4–8 weeks. This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

- If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this tell your doctor or pharmacist.

In this leaflet:
1. What Omeprazole Tablets are and what are they used for
2. Before you take Omeprazole Tablets
3. How to take Omeprazole Tablets
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Omeprazole Tablets
6. Further information

1. What Omeprazole Tablets are and what are they used for
Omeprazole Tablets contain the active substance omeprazole. It belongs to a group of medicines called 'proton pump inhibitors'. They work by reducing the amount of acid that your stomach produces. Omeprazole Tablets can be used in the following conditions:

- Ulcers which are infected with bacteria called 'Helicobacter pylori'. If you have this condition, your doctor may also prescribe antibiotics to treat the infection and allow the ulcer to heal.
- Ulcers caused by medicines called NSAIDs (Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs). Omeprazole Tablets can also be used to stop ulcers from forming if you are taking NSAIDs.

2. Before you take Omeprazole Tablets
You should report any new and exceptional symptoms and circumstances to your doctor.

3. How to take Omeprazole Tablets

- If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Driving and using machines:
Omeprazole Tablets is not likely to affect your ability to drive or use any tools or machines. Side effects such as dizziness and visual disturbance may occur in patients taking omeprazole that need to drive or operate machinery.

Important information about some of the ingredients of Omeprazole Tablets:
Omeprazole Tablets contain lactose. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

4. Possible side effects

5. How to store Omeprazole Tablets

6. Further information

- If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this tell your doctor or pharmacist.
To prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers if you are taking NSAIDs:

• The usual dose is 20 mg once a day.

• To treat ulcer caused by Helicobacter pylori infection and to stop them coming back:
• The usual dose is 20 mg Omeprazole Tablets twice a day for one week.
• Your doctor will also tell you to take two antibiotics among amoxicillin, clarithromycin and metronidazole.

To treat heartburn and stomach ulcer caused by a growth in the pancreas (Zollinger-Ellison syndrome):

• The usual dose is 60 mg daily.

• Your doctor will adjust the dose depending on your needs and will also decide how long you need to take the medicine for.

For children:

This medicine is not suitable for children.

Taking this medicine

It is recommended that you take your tablets in the morning.

• You can take your tablets with food or on an empty stomach.

• Your doctor may tell you not to chew or crush the tablets. This is because the tablets are coated with a special coating which stops the medicine from being broken down by the acid in your stomach. This coating is important to protect the medicine in the tablet from being broken down before it gets to the place in your stomach where it is needed.

• Replacing of the skin with blisters or peeling. There may also be severe blisters and burning in the lips, mouth, nose and genitals. This could be a Stevens-Johnson syndrome or toxic epidermal necrolysis.

• Sudden onset of a severe rash or blistering or peeling skin. This may be associated with a high fever or difficulties in urinating. You must consult your doctor as soon as possible so that a lack of white blood cells does not cause serious illness.

• Seeing, feeling or hearing things that are not there (hallucinations).

• Changes in blood count including agranulocytosis (lack of white blood cells).

If you notice any of these very rare but serious side effects, stop taking Omeprazole Tablets and contact a doctor immediately:

• Sudden swelling, seeing, feeling or hearing things that are not there (hallucinations).

• Severe kidney problems (interstitial nephritis).

• Allergic reactions, sometimes very severe, including swelling of the lips, tongue and throat, fever, rash, itchiness and trouble breathing.

• Low levels of calcium in the blood. This may cause weakness, cramps, difficulty in breathing and to stop them coming back:

• Since 1994, a company has been licensed to supply Omeprazole Tablets and branded products.

• The active substance is omeprazole. Omeprazole Tablets contain 10 mg, 20 mg and 40 mg of omeprazole.

• Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. Further information

What Omeprazole Tablets contain

The active substance is omeprazole. Omeprazole Tablets contain 10 mg, 20 mg and 40mg of omeprazole.

The other ingredients are lactose monohydrate, sodium starch glycolate, sodium stearyl fumarate, sodium salicylate, hydroxypropyl cellulose acetate succinate, bromelain pink (colour: corn steep phosphate glycol, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), hypromellose and yellow iron oxide (E172)). talc, triethyl citrate, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), hydroxypropyl cellulose acetate succinate, corn steep phosphate glycol, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), hypromellose and yellow iron oxide (E172)), talc, triethyl citrate, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), hydroxypropyl cellulose acetate succinate, corn steep phosphate glycol, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), hypromellose and yellow iron oxide (E172))

What Omeprazole Tablets looks like and contents of the pack

1. Omeprazole 10 mg Gastro-Resistant Tablets are brownish-pink film coated caplet shaped tablets.

2. Omeprazole 20 mg Gastro-Resistant Tablets are brownish-pink film coated caplet shaped tablets.

3. Omeprazole 40 mg Gastro-Resistant Tablets are brownish-pink film coated caplet shaped tablets.

Blister packs of 28 tablets

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer:

Danaher® Pharma Ltd., 53 Southwark Way, Dagenham, Romford, Essex, RM10 6QY, UK.

This leaflet was last revised in May 2013